

Investigation of plan quality metrics for multiple-metastases using single-isocenter radiosurgery technique with the Millennium MLC



UC San Diego Health

RETHINKING MEDICAL PHYSICS

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INTRODUCTION

- There has been increased interest on linac-based radiosurgery treating single isocenter multiple brain metastases
- Few publications have investigated the effect of increasing the number of targets over the plan quality and published works have focused only on a limited number of virtual plans.

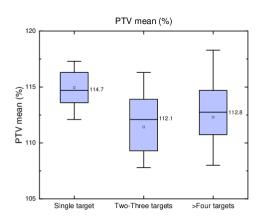
AIM

 To investigate the effect of number of targets over the plan quality metrics for multiple brain metastases single-isocenter clinical plans using a newly developed auto planning module (HyperArc).

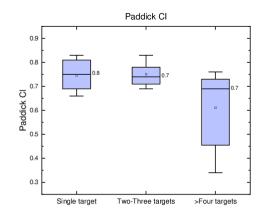
METHOD

- A retrospective investigation of the plan quality of 60 SRS clinical plans treated with HyperArc was performed.
- The clinical plans investigated were delivered in a single fraction with prescriptions ranging from 19 Gy to 25 Gy and equivalent sphere diameters of less than 2cm.
- Plans were divided in three groups according with the number of treated metastases per isocenter: one (28 patients, 28 lesions), two to three (17 patients, 37 lesions) and more than four (15 patients, 72 lesions).
- The plan quality metrics investigated were the PTV_Mean,
 PTV_Max, RTOG CI, Paddick CI, GI and ICRU HI.
- Plans were scored according with RTOG-9508 guidelines

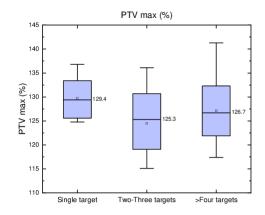
RESULTS



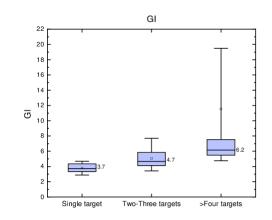
PTV_Mean was 114.9±2.1%, 111.4±3.9 and 112±5.8% for the three groups. None of the differences was statistically significant.



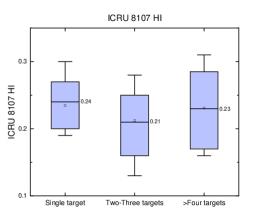
Paddick CI values were 0.75±0.07, 0.75±0.06 and 0.62±0.16. Group three was statistically significant.



PTV_Max was 129.7±4.9%, 124.5±8.0% and 127±10.2%. None of the differences was statistically significant.



Significant differences among all groups were observed for the GI values: 3.8±0.6, 5.1±1.49 11.9±25.

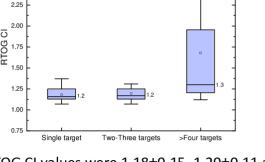


Values of the ICRU HI did not show significant differences among the groups: 0.23±0.04, 0.21±0.06 and 0.23±0.07.

V10 Gy for single-lesion plans

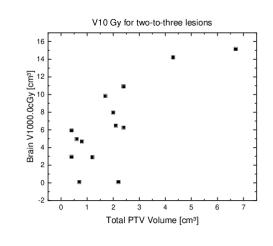
PTV Volume [cm3]





RTOG CI

RTOG CI values were 1.18±0.15, 1.20±0.11 and 1.54±0.52. Significant differences between the third group and the other two were observed.



Brain_V1000cGy increases with the total PTV volume for single- and multiple-lesion treatments.

CONCLUSIONS

- Results of this work show that HyperARc plans treatin one up to three lesions can achieve per-protocol scores as evaluated using RTOG-9508 guidelines.
- RTOG-9508 acceptable variation scores are observed in some of the plans treating four or more lesions.

REFERENCES

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